



# BINDER

**HERBICIDE** 

A selective post-emergence herbicide for use on winter and spring cereals, maize and grassland to control a range of perennial and annual weeds, including cleavers, compton chickweed, field forget-me-not, common hemp-nettle, black bindweed, dock, and common nettle.

An emulsifiable concentrate containing 200 g/litre fluroxypy (20.4%, 1/w) as the 1-methyl heptyl ester



Batch No: see bottle

Contents: 5 litres

Approval holder: DHM Agrochemicals Castle Lodge. Kilgobbin Road, Dublin 18 Telephone: (01) 2952377

Fax: (01) 2959399



# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### OPERATOR PROTECTION

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practical in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when applying by hand-held equipment

WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking and after work.

WHEN USING, DO NOT DRINK, EAT OR SMOKE.

IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water and seek medical attention.

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Livestock must be kept out of treated areas for at least 7 days following treatment. IF RAGWORT IS PRESENT, FOLLOW THE GUIDANCE IN THE 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE'.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift onto non-crop plants outside of target area.

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface w. a bodies.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings in a pra, tank and dispose of safely.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FLEDING ST. 'FF.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the product be. All i structions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtal safe and successful use of this product.

# MIXING AND SPRAYING

The rate of use of BINDER is dependent on the weed, the size of weed and the tank-mix used as detailed below. Using standard nozzles the recommended spray volume is 150 to 400 litres water per hectare. The lowest volume should only be used in very open crops on small weeds. On later applications where the crop is dense the spray volume should be increased to 400 litres water per hectare. The minimum recommended pressure is 2 to 3 bars.

Apply BINDER as a MEDIUM spray as defined by the BCPC system.

Add the appropriate amount of BINDER to clean water in a half-filled sprayer tank, mix thoroughly and add the remainder of the water. The spray mix must be used immediately and aditated continuously during mixing and until application is complete.

### CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

BINDER is a translocated herbicide taken up by the leaves of weeds. It is essential that the target weeds have fully emerged before application and that good spray of the weed foliage is achieved. Weeds which emerge after application are not controlled.

Best results are achieved against small weeds growing actively under warm, moist conditions. These conditions are particularly important for the control of cleavers. Ensure that crops are vigorous with growth unaffected by frost, pests, disease, nutrient deficiency or moisture stress before treatment. Do not treat waterlogged crops or crops under drought stress.

### CEREALS AND MAIZE

Spring treatments (from 1st March onwards on winter crops)

	Crop	of Application	Rate L/ha	Weeds Controlled & Maximum Growth Stage for Control
	Winter Wheat Winter Enriey	nply from the Loaf stage (Zadoks 12) until before flaging f sheath opening cag (Zadoks 4)	1.0	Cleavers (flowering) Common Chickweed (flowering) Common hemp-nettle (flowering) Black Bindweed (6 leaves) Red dead-nettle (4 leaves) Knotgrass (2 leaves) Common Fumitory (2 leaves)
	Winter Oats Winter Rye Durum Wheat Triticale*	Aprily from the 2 leaf state conditions and conditions are conditioned to the second node do detable stage (Zadoks 32)	1.0	Groundsel (checked at 2 leaves) Mayweeds (checked at 2 leaves) Redshank (checked at 2 leaves) Common field-speedwell (checked at 2 leaves) Ivy-leaved Speedwell (checked at 2 leaves)
	Spr., a Wheat Spring Barley	Apply from the 2 leaf stage (Zadoks 12) until before flag leaf sheath extending stage.	0.75	Cleavers (10 cm) Common Chickweed (10 cm) Common hemp-nettle (10 cm) Black Bindweed (4 leaves)
	Spring Oats	Apply from the 2 leaf stage (Zadoks 12) until before second node detectable stage.	0.75	Knotgrass (2 leaves) Common Furnitory (2 leaves) Groundsel (checked at 2 leaves) Mayweeds (checked at 2 leaves) Redshank (checked at 2 leaves) Common field-speedwell (checked at 2 leaves) Ivy-leaved Speedwell (checked at 2 leaves)
	Forage maize & Grain maize (open crops) **	From 3-6 leaves unfolded and before the crop is 20 cm high and before any buttress roots start to develop at the first node.	1.0	Black nightshade (cotyledons up to 6 true leaves), use 200-300 L water

- \* Do not tank-mix with any herbicide for use on triticale.
- \*\* DO NOT apply to maize beyond the recommended growth stages or once buttress roots have formed. Do not apply in tank-mix with any other product. Avoid boom overlap.

### Autumn treatments - winter wheat and winter barley

Стор	Timing of	Rate	Weeds Controlled & Maximum
	Application	L/ha	Growth Stage for Control
Winter barley Winter wheat	From the crop having 2 leaves unfolded until 1st February. Do not treat rapidly developing crops beyond the fully tillered stage. If this occurs before 1st February delay application until after 1st March.	0.75	Cleavers (to 5 cm) Common chickweed (to 5 cm)

### Two-way mixtures with other broad-leaved weedkillers.

BINDER is also compatible in two-way mixture with approved salt formulations of MCPA. Refer to the product label for weed susceptibilities, timing of application, etc, for this mixture. The addition of the recommended rate of approved salt formulations of CPA to BINDER is recommended where weeds such as common poppy, fat-hen and simplered's-purse are present.

The timing of application of BINDER mixtures depends on the tank-mix rurtner but not tures should not be applied after the first node detectable stage (Zadol § 31).

### GRASSLAND

Newly sown and established grass leys and permanent pas, re way be treated with BINDER for the control of annual and perennial broad-ir... 1 w. ds www.en weeds are actively growing. Do not spray swards containing clovers or their unumes if there are important constituents of the sward.

### Annual weeds - newly sown grass levs

Application of BINDER at 0.75 litres/ha in a spray volum of 200 to 400 livres ( water per hectare to give good coverage of the weeds v." \_introl comm in ci. \_kwe(1) \_i to 50 mm. Grasses should have at least 3 fully expanded leaves.

# Perennial weeds - established grassland

Apply BINDER at 2.0 litres/ha in a spray volume of 300 to 400 litres of water per hectare to give good coverage of the weeds.

WEEDS	Rate of use L/ha	Optimum timing of application
Common nettle	2.0	Spray when actively growing but before flowering (normally up to mid-June). A reduction in top growth only can be expected.
Dandelion	2.0	Spray when actively growing but before flowering (normally up to mid-June).
Dock (curled and broad leaved)	20 3.	Treat in the Spring when the docks are at the rosette stage (broad-leaved) 15 to 20 cm high. If the grass has been cut for hay or silage or grazed over winter, leave for 2 to 3 weeks to allow sufficient re-growth to occur before spraying. On large well established docks, or where there is an eservoir of seed in the soil, a second dose the following year may be required.

### ROP FAILURE

In the event of a real from failure the following crops can be sown:

Spring cereal sprin, onseed rape, maize, onion, cultivated poppies and new leys. A minimum interval of weeks is required and there are no cultivation restrictions.

# ROT ATION 'L CROPS

All cops call be sown following an application of BINDER.

### COMPATIBILITY

BINDER should be applied in tank-mix with other products only if any requirements or restrictions on the other product label do not conflict with the requirements or restrictions for BINDER. Tank-mixes should not be allowed to stand in the tank and agitation should be maintained at all times.

Crops, timings, etc, can be affected by the rate and type of tank-mix partner used. Always refer to the product label of the tank-mix partner.

Mix BINDER in the spray tank first except when mixing with water dispersible granules, wettable powders or suspension concentrates (flowables). Each product should be added to the half-full sprayer tank and be fully dispersed before the addition of the next product.

BINDER can be tank-mixed with a number of other herbicides to broaden the spectrum of weeds controlled. These other herbicides may have crop, timing, varietal and other restrictions which are different to those of BINDER. Tank-mixes should only be applied within label recommendations of every product in the mix.

For more information on possible tank mixtures, contact your distributor.

## NOTES

Apply to dry foliage.

For best results apply BINDER when weeds are actively growing. In newly-sown crops, seedling and small weeds are more susceptible to BINDER and will respond guicker

when treated at this stage. Vigorous crop competition enhances control of the more resistant weeds and prevents weeds which germinate after application from becoming a problem in the crop.

Crops undersown with grass may be sprayed provided the grasses are tillering.

Do not apply to crops undersown with clover or other legume-containing mixtures.

Where ragwort is present users should consult the Code of Practice on How to Prevent the Spread of Ragwort. Ragwort plants sprayed with this herbicide are more palatable with higher levels of toxins. Animals should be excluded from treated areas until any ragwort has completely recovered or died and there is no visual sign of the dead weed. Do not include treated ragwort in hay or silage crops.

BINDER will only produce optimum results when the weeds are actively growing and the crop competitive. This is particularly important with cleavers.

BINDER is of low volatility and is therefore not subject to vapour drift.

Do not spray in windy weather and avoid drift onto non-target crops/areas.

Do not treat crops under stress. Stress can be caused by many factors including frost, drought, waterlogging, trace element deficiency, disease and pest attack etc.

Do not spray if night temperatures are low or if frost is imminent.

BINDER used alone is rainfast one hour after application.

Do not roll or harrow 7 days before or after treatment.

Wash equipment thoroughly with water and detergent immediately after use.

Traces of BINDER can cause harm to susceptible crops sprayed later.

# CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY

All goods supplied by us are of high grade and we believe them to be untable but, as we cannot exercise control over their storage, handling, mixing or uso or the wather conditions before, during or after application which may affect the per mance of the goods, all conditions and warranties, statutory or otherwise, and the guard, we fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded. No responsibility all haccented by us or re-sellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury and attack year any firm from their storage, handling, application or use. These condition cannot be valed by our striff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in the unit of such goods.